

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|--------------------------|------------|----------|
| ASPHALT | | 8052-42-4 | 20 - 30 |
| DIESEL, NO.2 | | 68476-34-6 | 0.03 - 6 |
| STYRENE-BUTADIENE COPOLYMERS | | 9003-55-8 | 0.03 - 3 |
| Other components below reportable levels | | | 70 - 80 |

4. First-aid measures

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| Inhalation | If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist. |
| Skin contact | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. If clothing sticks to the skin, do not remove. Lotion or hand cream may aid in the removal of asphalt. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause redness and pain. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Treat symptomatically. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

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| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical powder. Alcohol resistant foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Do not use water when molten material is involved, contact of hot product with water will result in a violent expansion as the water turns to steam causing explosion with massive force. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. |
| Specific methods | In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. |
| General fire hazards | No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. |

6. Accidental release measures

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| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ventilate area and avoid breathing vapors or mist. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Where possible allow molten material to solidify naturally. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Hydrogen sulfide, a very highly toxic gas, may be present with this material. Keep face clear of tank and/or tank car openings.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-------------------------------|------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4) | TWA | 0.5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fume. |
| DIESEL, NO.2 (CAS 68476-34-6) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction and vapor. |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards Recommended Exposure Limits (REL)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|-------|
| ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4) | Ceiling | 5 mg/m3 | Fume. |

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|-------------------------|----------|---|----------|---------------|
| ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4) | 2.5 µg/l | 1-Hydroxypyrene, with hydrolysis (1-HP) | Urine | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

DIESEL, NO.2 (CAS 68476-34-6)

Danger of cutaneous absorption

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

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| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely wear gauntlet style gloves. When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns. |
| Other | Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. |
| Respiratory protection | When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |
| General hygiene considerations | Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

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|---|-----------------------|
| Appearance | Viscous liquid |
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Liquid. |
| Color | Brown to Black |
| Odor | Tar-like |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 212 °F (100 °C) |
| Flash point | >400.0 °F (>204.4 °C) |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. |
| Vapor density | >1 |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Bulk density | > 8.6 - < 8.8 lbs/gal |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |
| Specific gravity | > 1 - < 1.1 |
| VOC | > 25 - < 50 % |

10. Stability and reactivity

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| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Stable under normal temperature conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |

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| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Peroxides. Chlorates. Nitrates. Chromates. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Upon decomposition, this product may yield sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons. Hydrogen sulfide. Nitrogen oxides (NO _x). Hydrocarbons. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

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| Inhalation | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Skin contact | Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Molten material will produce thermal burns. |
| Eye contact | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Ingestion | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |

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| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause redness and pain. Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort. Contact with this material will cause burns to the skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Dermatitis. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. |
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Information on toxicological effects

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|-----------------------|------------|
| Acute toxicity | Not known. |
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| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-------------------------|---------|--------------|
| ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4) | | |
| Acute Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

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| Skin corrosion/irritation | Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Molten material will produce thermal burns. |
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| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Harmful in contact with eyes. |
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Respiratory or skin sensitization

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|----------------------------------|---|
| Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer. |
| Skin sensitization | May cause skin disorders if contact is repeated or prolonged. |

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| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. |
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| Carcinogenicity | Suspected of causing cancer. |
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IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

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|--|---|
| ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4) | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| DIESEL, NO.2 (CAS 68476-34-6) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
| STYRENE-BUTADIENE COPOLYMERS (CAS 9003-55-8) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

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|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4) | Known To Be Human Carcinogen. |
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| Reproductive toxicity | Not classified. |
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| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Not classified. |
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| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Thymus. Liver. Bone marrow. |
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| Aspiration hazard | Not an aspiration hazard. |
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Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Further information This product has no known adverse effect on human health.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential No data available.
Mobility in soil No data available.
Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.
Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) One or more components of the mixture are not on the TSCA 8(b) inventory or are designated "inactive".

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312

Yes

Hazardous chemical

Classified hazard categories

Carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.**US state regulations****California Proposition 65**

This product can expose you to ASPHALT, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. **WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**Issue date** 12-03-2021**Revision date** 04-17-2025**Version #** 02**Further information** HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.**NFPA ratings**
Health: 2
Flammability: 1
Instability: 0**References**
ACGIH
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices
EPA: AQUIRE database
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base
US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents**Disclaimer**
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